

Specific Issues Related to Sovereign Ratings

Paris Club Meeting with Private Sector

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- Internal system
- Benchmarked against external ratings
- Based on quantitative data and qualitative assessments
- Pillars: Structural setting, government balance and government debt, private sector soundness, monetary stability, foreign debt, current account, international liquidity and political stability
- Foreign and local currency rating (Fcy and Lcy)
- Outlooks
- Flags short term risk signals



- Ranking is primarily forward looking (three years horizon) and not mechanical. Anticipatory scores and qualitative assessments are allocated a weighting of around 65%
- Short term developments play an important role as well: short term debt, reserves and the assessment of the liquidity situation count for around 20%. (reflected in flags, event risk analysis)
- Rating agencies are used as reference
- Focal points liquidity and solvability of a sovereign in relation to its willingness and ability to fulfil its payments obligations





- Data + scales = (sub)scores
- Assessments
- Weights
- Final scores



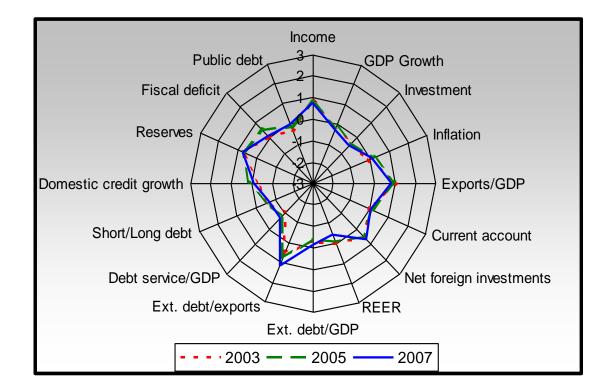
Snapshot overview Bangladesh



Economic performance visà-vis other Emerging Markets.

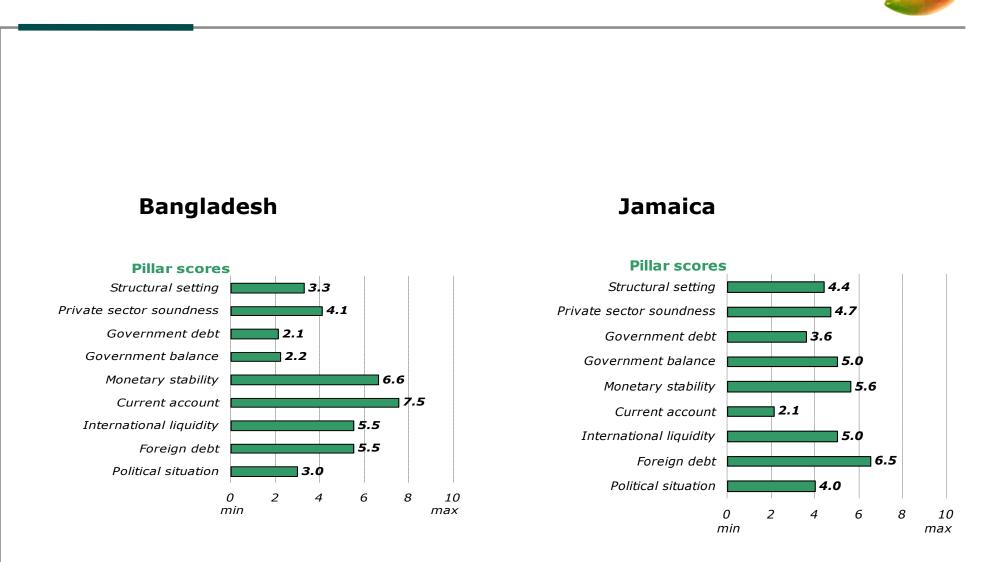
Emerging Markets average is equal to 0

Graph shows deviation from average in number of standard deviations.



Outward movements indicate risk deterioration





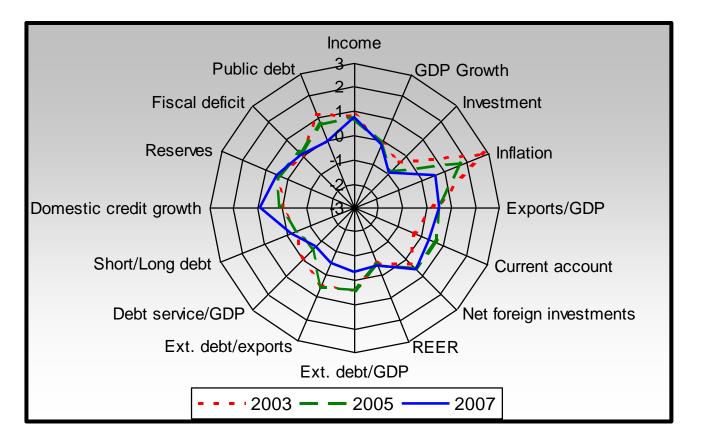




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Ghana pillar scores



